# Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

**Antimony Trioxide** 

#### 1.CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Substance name: Antimony Trioxide (Grade name described in last page) Product name: PATOX series (Grade name described in last page)

NIHON SEIKO CO.,LTD. Company name:

3-2 SHIMOMIYABI-CHO SHINJUKU-KU TOKYO Address

> 162-0822 JAPAN SALES DEPT.

Charge section Phone number +81-3-3235-0031 Fax number +81-3-3235-0034 E-mail address mail@nihonseiko.co.jp Emergency telephone number NAKASE REFINERY

QUALITY ASSURANCE SECTION

+81-79-667-2121

Recommended use and restriction

on use:

Industrial materials: Flame retardant additives, Pigments, Polyester polymerization catalysts, decolorizing and finding agent of

:Category 2

optical lenses, Variable resistors, etc.

#### 2.HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification: Health hazards

GHS label:

Hazard pictogram

Carcinogenicity

Signal word Hazard statements

Precautionary statements

Warning

Suspected of causing cancer

[Prevention]

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

[Response]

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

(Storage) Store locked up.

(Disposal)

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national /international regulations(to be specified).

Other hazard not applicable to GHS classification hazard: The summary of important signs

and assumed emergency:

No information.

No information.

Antimony Trioxide Issue No: Q0725-10 Issue Date: May 22, 2024

Page 1 of 6

**S NIHON SEIKO CO., LTD.** 

3.COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture: Substance

Antimony Trioxide General product description: Diantimony Trioxide Other name:

Chemical property

(Chemical formula etc): Sb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> CAS number: 1309-64-4

Component and its content: Described in last page.

EINECS number: 215-175-0

Impurity and stabilizing additive that

contribute to GHS Classification: Described in last page.

4.FIRST AID MEASURES

Following inhalation: Move affected person to fresh air.

If you feel sick, seek medical attention.

Following skin contact: Wash with water and remove clothes if necessary. Following eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water, also under eyelids.

After ingestion: Rinse mouth with water.

If you feel sick, seek medical attention.

Acute or delayed effects are not anticipated for antimony trioxide.

Most important symptoms and effects ,both acute and delayed: Protection of person who do first

Special precaution statement

for doctor: No information.

5.Fire-fighting measure

Extinguishing media: Use fire-fighting measures that suit the environment.

No information.

No information.

The product is not combustible and does not support the combustion.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Special hazards arising from the

Substance or mixture: Antimony trioxide dust.

Specific fire-fighting: Move the product to safe place promptly when it is a fire in the surrounding.

If it is non-transferable, sprinkle the container and the circle with water and

cool down.

Protection for fire-fighter: Wear suitable protective equipment in fire-fighting.

6.Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency

procedures:

Avoid formation of dust.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep unprotected persons away.

It is advised to avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing – wear suitable

protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of dust.

It is advised that in the event of an accidental release the product should be Environmental precautions:

prevented from reaching the sewage system or any water course and

penetrating the soil.

Dispose of spilled material in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Methods and material for

containment and cleaning up: In any case avoid dust formation.

> Sweep all spilled material or use an appropriate industrial vacuum cleaner. Collect spilled material in suitable containers or closed plastic bags for

recovery or disposal.

Antimony Trioxide Issue No: Q0725-10 Issue Date: May 22, 2024

Page 2 of 6



Prevention of second disaster:

For more information on exposure controls/personal protection or disposal considerations, check section 8 and 13 of this safety data sheet.

7. Handling and storage

Handling:

Technological countermeasure (local ventilation/ General

Ventilation etc.)
Safety precaution

Provide a local dust collection system in the places where dust can be generated. Provide dust protective mask in the handling position.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Work by wearing suitable protective equipment.

Avoid contact Check section 10.

Hygiene measure Avoid inhalation or ingestion.

General occupational hygiene measures are required to ensure a safe

handling of the substance.

(i.e. regular cleaning with suitable cleaning devices). No eating, drinking and smoking at the workplace.

Wash hands after use.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering

eating areas.

Shower and change clothes at end of work shift.

Do not wear contaminated clothing at home. Do not blow dust off with

compressed air.

Storage:

Safety storage condition

Store in well ventilated dry area with low humidity and sealed

state in order to avoid moisture absorption.

Safety packaging material

Establish whether the container conforms test standard on a

voluntary basis.

#### 8.EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control limits Effect of over exposure:

ACGIH(2024)

0.02mg/m<sup>3</sup> TLV-TWA (Antimony Trioxide)

Engineering controls:

Prevent formation of dust where possible. Ensure appropriate ventilation/exhaustion at machinery and places where dust can be generated. Any deposit of dust which cannot be avoided must be regularly removed using preferably appropriate industrial vacuum cleaners. Waste air is to be released into the atmosphere only when it has passed through suitable dust separators.

Waste water generated during the production process or cleaning operations should be collected and should preferably be treated in an on-site waste water treatment plant which ensures efficient removal of antimony.

Personal protective equipment:

Hand protection Protective gloves
Eye protection Protective glasses

environment, avoid environmental discharge.

## 9.PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Physical state Solid Figure Powder

Antimony Trioxide Issue No: Q0725-10 Issue Date: May 22, 2024

NIHON SEIKO CO., LTD.

Page 3 of 6

Color White Odor: Odorless

656 °C at 1013 hPa Melting point:

Initial boiling point and boiling

range:

1425 °C at 1013 hPa Flammability:

Non-flammable. This substance does not contain any chemical groups that might lead to spontaneous ignition a short time after coming in contact with air at room temperature (circa 20°C). Furthermore,

long-term industrial experience in handling shows that the substance

does not ignite in contact with air.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits: Non explosive. Antimony trioxide exhibits no chemical groups

indicating explosive properties.

Not applicable as only relevant for liquids or low melting point Flash point:

solids.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not relevant since this would require heat to be developed either by

> reaction of this substance with oxygen or by exothermic decomposition and which is not lost rapidly enough to the

surroundings.

Does not decompose if used as intended. Decomposition temperature:

No information. kinematic viscosity: No information.

Solubility(ies): 2.76 mg/l

(22.2°C -ISO 6341 medium-loading 100 mg Sb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/l-pH 8)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: No information.

Vapor pressure: 5mmHg (625°C)

Relative density: 5.2

Relative vapour density: No information. Particle characteristics:  $\leq 10 \,\mu$  m

Other: No information.

## 10.STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No information.

Chemical stability: Under normal conditions of use and storage, the product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Reaction with H-equivalents releases antimony hydride

(stibine, SbH<sub>3</sub>). Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Avoid dust formation. Conditions to avoid:

Incompatible materials: Reaction with H<sup>-</sup>-equivalents releases antimony hydride

(stibine, SbH<sub>3</sub>). Strong acids/bases. Reducing agents.

See section 7.

Hazardous decomposition products: Does not decompose if used as intended.

Other: No information.

## 11.TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity (Oral):  $LD_{50}$  rat > 20.000 mg/kg bw

(Fleming, 1938; Gross et al, 1955; Weil et al, 1978)

Acute Toxicity (Dermal):  $LD_{50}$  rabbit > 8,300 mg/kg bw (Gross et al, 1955)

Acute Toxicity

(Inhalation: dust/mist): LC<sub>50</sub> rat> 5,200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Leuschner, 2006)

Acute Toxicity

(Inhalation: fume/vapors): Out of category to powder.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes mild skin irritation. Especially can cause dermatitis on contact with

sweat-damp region over again or prolonged contact. Dermatitis that

known as "antimony spots" can cause rash after itchiness.

Serious eye danger/irritation: Antimony trioxide is not irritating to eyes. (Leuschner, 2005)

Antimony Trioxide Issue No: Q0725-10 Issue Date: May 22, 2024

Page 4 of 6

**® NIHON SEIKO CO., LTD.** 

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not skin sensitizing (Chevalier, 2005; Moore, G.E, 1994) / no respiratory

sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Antimony trioxide does not cause systemic mutagenicity in vivo after oral

administration. Negative in vivo results on chromosome aberrations and micronuclei were obtained in two different species via oral application

- mouse (Elliot et al., 1998) and rat (Whitwell, 2006),

(Kirkland et al., 2007).

Carcinogenicity:

Japan Society for Occupational

Health Category 2B

ACGIH A2 (Antimony trioxide production)

EPA No information.

NTP Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

EU Category 2 (regulation(EC)1272/2008)

IARC Group 2A

Reproductive toxicity: Based on the available long-term toxicity studies in rodents

(Omura et al, 2002) and the relevant information on the

toxicokinetic behavior in rats, it is concluded that antimony trioxide

does not present a reproductive toxicity hazard.

STOT single exposure:

STOT repeated exposure:

Antimony trioxide is not classified as STOT, single exposure.

Antimony trioxide is not classified as STOT, repeated exposure.

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Other: No information.

12.ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Persistence and degradability:
Bioaccumulative potential:
Mobility in soil:
Hazardous to the ozone layer:

No information.
No information.
No information.

Other: No information.

13.DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues: Dispose of contents in accordance with local/regional/national

/international regulations(to be specified).

Contaminated container/packing: Dispose of container in accordance with local/regional/national

/international regulations(to be specified).

14.TRANSPOT INFORMATION

International regulation:

UN code
Proper shipping name
UN Class
Packing group
Marine pollutant

Not applicable.\*
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.

\*UN regulation: The special provision SP45 is applicable to the UN number 1549 (Hazard class6.1 and packaging group III). It means that antimony sulfides and oxides, which contain not more than 0.5% of arsenic calculated on the total weight, are not subject to these regulations.

15.REGULATORY INFORMATION

Worldwide chemical inventories:

ENCS(Japan) 1-543
TSCA(USA) Listed
ECL(Korea) KE-09846
DSL(Canada) Listed
PICCS(Philippines) Listed

Antimony Trioxide Issue No: Q0725-10 Issue Date: May 22, 2024

**S NIHON SEIKO CO., LTD.** 

Page 5 of 6

AICS(Australia) Listed IECSC(China) Listed Other regulatory information: Follow regulation and low of each country or region. 16. OTHER INFORMATION Treatment of stated contents: The contents of this information sheet are based on the data, information available at moments, and may be revised by additional data coming up in future. The precautions mentioned in this sheet are intended for normal use of this material, when use in unusual manner, the proper safety method is required. Read this SDS before use the ingredients. Keep this SDS in your file for your timely reference. The contents of this information sheet are not warranted and the company can accept no liability to any customer or any other person. 1.GHS taiou guideline References: Edit: Japan Chemical Industry Association Issuance: Japanese Standards Association 2. Antimony Trioxide SDS form of International Antimony Association (i2a) 3 [Kaiteidai3ban] Kinkyujioukyusochishishin Issuance: Japanese Standards Association 4. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)\_ Chemical Risk Information Platform (CHRIP)\_ Antimony 5.OECD-SIAM(October 14-16. 2012)SIDS Initial Assessment Profile 6. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)\_ Chemical Risk Information Platform (CHRIP)\_ Antimony Trioxide 7. Saishin dokugekibutsutoriatsukainotebiki jijitsuushinnsya, kouseisyou yakumukyoku anzenka hen 8. Shokubanoanzen site: GHS taiou model label • model MSDS Jouhou: Antimony(III) oxide Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan) 9.Sangyouigaku vol.33 1991

Each Sb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> grades of purity and impurity content. (unit: %)

|                                | PATOX-  |      |                     |         |      |      |       |           |        |       |
|--------------------------------|---------|------|---------------------|---------|------|------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|
| Item                           | C<br>CZ | CE   | M<br>MF<br>MZ<br>MK | K<br>KF | KS   | U    | Н     | HS<br>HSS | P<br>L | CF    |
| Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 99.8    | 99.7 | 99.6                | 99.6    | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.9  | 99.8      | 99.7   | 99.9  |
| As                             | 0.03    | 0.04 | 0.05                | 0.05    | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.01  | 0.02      | 0.03   | 0.01  |
| Pb                             | 0.003   | 0.03 | 0.05                | 0.06    | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.002 | 0.001     | 0.04   | 0.009 |

Antimony Trioxide Issue No: Q0725-10 Issue Date: May 22, 2024

Page 6 of 6

